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               MEETING OF THE GOVERNING BOARD
               OF THE CHICAGO DEVELOPMENT FUND
 3
               NEW MARKETS TAX CREDITS PROGRAM
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                              City Hall, Room 1000
                              121 North LaSalle Street
10
                              Chicago, Illinois
11
                              Friday, October 23, 2009
12
                              9:00 a.m.
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   Christine Raguso, Chairperson
   Stephanie Neely, Treasurer
   Margaret Laurino, Alderman
   Carrie Austin, Alderman
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   Eugene Munin, Budget Director
   Gene Saffold, CFO
17
   William Eager
   Rafael Leon
18
   Mitchell Holzrichter
   Tony Smith
   Jolene Saul
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   Scott Fehlan
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   Lori Lypson
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   Reported by Shari L. Szerbat
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          CHAIRPERSON RAGUSO:
                                Welcome, everyone, to the
   fourth quarter 2009 meeting of the Chicago
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   Development Fund.
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                        Well, thank you.
          MR. SAFFOLD:
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          MR. MUNIN: Was that for the record or --
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          CHAIRPERSON RAGUSO:
                               Welcome to the Department
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   of Community Development. I'm not sure if you've
8
   been up here before.
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          MR. MUNIN:
                      I have.
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          CHAIRPERSON RAGUSO: So I'd like to take a
   roll call. Alderman Austin?
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          ALDERMAN AUSTIN:
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                            Here.
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          CHAIRPERSON RAGUSO: Alderman Burke?
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                   (No response.)
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                   Alderman Laurino?
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                   (No response.)
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                   Anne McNabb? We should probably
   take her off.
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19
                   (No response.)
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         MR. SMITH: Oh, I'm sorry. That was supposed
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   to be changed.
         CHAIRPERSON RAGUSO: Yes. Strike that.
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                   Gene Saffold?
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         MR. SAFFOLD:
                        Here.
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1	CHAIRPERSON RAGUSO: Gene Munin?
2	MR. MUNIN: Here.
3	CHAIRPERSON RAGUSO: Stephanie Neely?
4	(No response.)
5	Commissioner Raguso?
6	Here.
7	We have a quorum. First order of
8	business, approval of the minutes from May 20th,
9	2009, our Governing Board meeting.
10	ALDERMAN AUSTIN: Madam Chair, I move that we
11	approve the minutes from the last Governing Board
12	meeting.
13	MR. SAFFOLD: Second.
14	CHAIRPERSON RAGUSO: All those in favor?
15	(Chorus of ayes.)
16	Minutes are approved.
17	Second order of business, status of
18	approved and special transactions in the Chicago
19	Development Fund pipeline. I would ask S.B.
20	Friedman to walk us through the presentation.
21	ALDERMAN AUSTIN: What's your name again?
22	MR. SMITH: My name is Tony Smith, S.B.
23	Friedman & Company. Thank you.
24	Thanks, everybody, for coming out in

terrible weather and budget season and all that.

This is one of the great perks of being budget director is to be on the Chicago Development Fund Board.

MR. MUNIN: Among many.

MR. SAFFOLD: It was a key draw, key attraction.

MR. SMITH: This has been a pretty busy period for Chicago Development Fund since the last meeting, so just running through the transactions that CDF has approved on which there's been significant action.

So in the May 2009 meeting, this body voted on the Christ King deal, the Gary Comer College Prep deal, the Greater West Town deal. I believe the Imperial Zinc deal was voted on in the prior meeting, but all four of those deals have closed.

Imperial Zinc closed in 2009. Christ
King and Gary Comer College Prep closed in June
2009, and Greater West Town Community Career
Training & Economic Development Center closed in
September. And then the Homan Square Powerhouse,
which was the first transaction that this body

approved and CDF financed, just reached completion in August.

We actually have a representative from the U.S. Treasury and a couple of our folks and some people from U.S. Bank there right now doing a tour of the facility, and it's absolutely gorgeous. It just won a national rehabilitation -- or, historic rehab award as well.

So this was -- just to refresh everybody's memory, it was a \$15 million allocation from Chicago Development Fund, which translates into about four and a half million of gap financing subsidy.

The school is operated by the Henry

Ford Learning Institute of Dearborn, Michigan.

It's a charter high school in North Lawndale. It's

on the old Sears campus, the former power plant that

used to provide energy to the campus.

It was a \$43 million project, as I mentioned, closed -- or, completed in August 2009.

They're now operating with two out of the four grade levels in the school, and they're going to add additional grade levels next year and the year after. So at full capacity, which is two years

1 from now, it will serve about 500 students. 2 It's a very green structure. have a geothermal heating and cooling system in a 3 4 railroad embankment next to the property. They're 5 anticipating that they're going to get LEED Gold 6 certification after the Green Building Council has 7 reviewed the completed building. And it's an historic rehabilitation 8 according to National Park Service Standards. 9 an historic tax credit deal, so not a cheap building 10 11 to build, and so a lot of tax credit equity from U.S. Bank both in the New Markets arena and historic 12 tax credit arena. 13 There are a couple more shots of the 14 15 completed building. 16 (Treasurer Neely is now present.) 17 ALDERMAN AUSTIN: Are there -- this is the same building, right? 18 19 MR. SMITH: Yeah. 20 ALDERMAN AUSTIN: Are there any contaminants in there? Were there any tanks or anything? 22 There was some remediation within MR. SMITH: 23 the building during the demolition phase because

there was still -- it was basically a forest of

24

power generation equipment from the facility. So 1 2 the first step was demolishing -- or, removing all of that equipment and abating any contaminants that 3 4 may have been remnants. 5 ALDERMAN AUSTIN: Okay. So from US EPA, you 6 got certificates for that? 7 MR. SMITH: Yeah. ALDERMAN AUSTIN: For remediation? 8 They're in compliance with MR. SMITH: 9 Yeah. all the environmental requirements. 10 ALDERMAN AUSTIN: And what was the cost? 11 12 MR. SMITH: The cost of the cleanup itself? 13 ALDERMAN AUSTIN: Um-hmm. MR. SMITH: I don't know that off the top of 14 I can certainly dig that up. 15 my head. 16 ALDERMAN AUSTIN: Please. 17 MR. SMITH: Sure. So just a couple shots here. This is the -- on the left, that's the back 18 19 of the building. They had to build an extensive 20 fire escape system to meet CPS standards, so 21 basically adding this new superstructure outside of 22 the building in the rear. But they've done it in a 23 very attractive fashion, so it's quite an amenity 24 for the building.

In the middle, that's one of the classroom spaces. All the interior rooms are very unique because the building is -- it's a power plant, so it's an interesting reuse of that structure. So they're actually incorporating the old legacy pieces in the building as an educational tool.

There's still some coal conveyor equipment, and the big chimney is still on the building, so they use that as part of the curriculum to instruct on energy production then and now as well as some architectural curriculum.

ALDERMAN AUSTIN: So how did they incorporate that part into the class structure?

MR. SMITH: You know, they've done it a couple different ways. I think they tour the building, and then they look at the old equipment and describe how it was used. And then they are focusing on energy production in their current curriculum as well as newer technology and sort of contrasting the two technologies, using that as a jumping off point to talk about coal as the less clean energy source versus newer sources.

ALDERMAN AUSTIN: The reason why I'm asking

is because, you know, I have a solar energy power plant out by us, and I'm trying to see how I can integrate education at my college out there. So I'm trying to see how one can fold into the other or how I can start anew as to folding it into a different energy source.

CHAIRPERSON RAGUSO: Alderman --

ALDERMAN AUSTIN: Yes.

CHAIRPERSON RAGUSO: -- can we ask that the folks, the administrators from the school, maybe come down and visit with you so that they can tell you how they've incorporated it into their curriculum to give you some ideas on how you can implement it?

ALDERMAN AUSTIN: Yes, that would be great.

15 Thank you.

MR. SMITH: Next up, Imperial Zinc. This one closed in May of 2009, so this is a much smaller deal, \$6 million financing from Chicago Development Fund.

So this was a facility that had been operating in the Pullman neighborhood for a long time. It had a large fire in August of 2008 and was at a decision point as to whether they wanted to rebuild in place a larger and higher production

capacity or to relocate.

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So Chicago Development Fund provided 2 6 million of allocation which translated into about 3 4 a million four of actual subsidy value to the 5 project, and that was enough to make the economics 6 work for Imperial to rebuild with a larger facility. 7 So that preserved 40 jobs and allowed it to add 45 jobs when they get up to full production capacity 8 9 at 103rd next to the Bishop-Ford.

They're actually doing quite well in their construction. As you can see, the photograph looks very much like the rendering, probably closer than any other building I've ever seen. It's a simple building, so maybe that's why.

The shell is complete. They're painting the shell, and they think they're going to open in February 2010, which is a little bit ahead of schedule.

ALDERMAN AUSTIN: And what is it that they provide?

MR. SMITH: They process zinc, so they produce zinc anodes and alloys.

ALDERMAN AUSTIN: Okay.

MR. SMITH: So they'll actually add 55 new

positions eventually.

And the third transaction -- this closed in early June -- the Christ King College This was a \$17 million NMTC allocation from Prep. Chicago Development Fund, just over 5 million in terms of actual subsidy value to the project. also provided \$14 million of allocation, so a total of 31 million in allocation for this \$35 million deal.

This is a 100,000 square foot facility, which actually some of the CDF staff again -- and I'm not sure if the Chair is going to be joining us, but at least a couple CDF staff are going to be touring with the U.S. Treasury rep that's in town today.

This is under construction in the Austin community area. It's a -- it's operating on the Cristo Rey model, which has already been implemented in one school in Chicago. For 600 students, this would provide internship placements in local businesses which in turn helps to generate the subsidy that deeply subsidizes the students' tuition.

Gary Comer College Prep also closed

in early June. This is at \$21.5 million NMTC allocation from Chicago Development Fund or about -- it was 5.6, 5.7 million or so subsidy value generated by that for the project.

This is a new charter high school facility in the Revere neighborhood within the Greater Grand Crossing community. It's a charter school that's going to be operated by Noble Network of Charter Schools, which is one of the premier operators in the city.

The building is under construction with an expectation of the students being able to move in for the 2010/2011 academic year, and it will serve 530 students at completion.

It's next to the Gary Comer Youth

Center, which is an existing facility that the Comer

Foundation put in place a couple years ago which

provides after-school programming. It provides

meals before school and a host of other services,

including hosting the South Shore Drill Team, so a

very complementary facility here with the high

school and a very efficient sharing of facilities.

Foundation's broader efforts to really transform

This is part of the Comer

the Revere community and reverse some of the disinvestments that happened over the last few decades. So this includes investment in the middle school that's a couple blocks away where Gary Comer attended long ago. And he's put about \$7 million into improvements there. Then they still have about 90 to 100 scattered site housing units in the immediate neighborhood as well.

The facility is anticipated to get LEED certification at completion. And there was also capital provided by Northern Trust, both traditional bank debt and the New Markets Tax Credits equity.

Eind of a coup for Chicago

Development Fund because this was Northern Trust's first New Markets Tax Credits transaction, and that's one of the major issues in this arena, that some of the banks that were participating in the program, like Citibank and National City Cap

Market, have really pulled back on their investment in the credit due to profitability issues.

So finding new players to actually begin investing in the program is important to keep the appetite up for the credits to keep the pricing

at a point where it can provide meaningful subsidy to the deals.

And then the most recent one to close, really a major combination of different financing programs from every level of government, state, federal and local, this is the Greater West Town project or the Community Career Training & Economic Development Center.

This is a 60,000 or so square foot rehab of an old envelope factory at North Sacramento, 500 North Sacramento, right near the Chicago Center for Green Technology on the West Side.

Greater West Town Community

Development project has been in operation for about

20 years. It's really a phenomenal organization.

They provide adult vocational training in high-tech woodworking as well as in shipping and receiving and logistics.

And then they also serve about 150 high school students, all of whom have previously dropped out of the CPS system. So it's a charter school for those students providing a normal high school education as well as an added vocational training. And they actually graduate 70 percent of

those students, which --

ALDERMAN AUSTIN: And who is the -- who is running this facility?

MR. SMITH: It's the Greater West Town Community Organization.

CHAIRPERSON RAGUSO: Who is the -- who is the high school, though -- who is the principal? I can't remember her name.

MR. SMITH: I don't remember off the top of my head.

CHAIRPERSON RAGUSO: This was -- for the Board, this was one of the most challenging projects to finance. It had so many different layers in it to get it done, and we did it. And it just goes to show you what it's taking to get projects done these days.

But we did it, and they're under construction, and it's going to give folks in this community and folks who otherwise wouldn't have a chance jobs, a second chance at a good career.

ALDERMAN AUSTIN: Well, the reason why I'm inquiring, because a facility such as this would work well on the far South Side given the overcrowdedness of all of our schools that the

1 disadvantaged and disenfranchised students that I 2 have.

So I need to be able to get in touch with the individual on how we can structure something like this out in the far South because Alderman Beale, myself and Alderman Pope all have industrial areas that have large existing buildings --

CHAIRPERSON RAGUSO: If you would like -ALDERMAN AUSTIN: -- that don't have
contaminants in them.

CHAIRPERSON RAGUSO: -- I would be happy to set up that meeting for you.

ALDERMAN AUSTIN: All right. Thank you.

MR. SMITH: So this -- the structure for this deal included 3.1 million in TIF assistance from the City which was structured in a very careful way to allow it to serve as a leveraged source for the New Markets Tax Credits transaction, 9.3 million in allocation from Chicago Development Fund, which translated into 2.8 million of subsidy.

And then CDF actually then reached out to the State of Illinois Department of Commerce & Economic Opportunity and took advantage of a new

program that was created this year called the Illinois State New Markets Tax Credit Program.

That's essentially a parallel program to the federal, and the state is -- just began rolling it out in April of this year. So they provided also 9.3 million of state allocation which provided another million three or so of benefit to the project.

So by layering these sources together and then also maxing out Greater West Town's available capital for the project and their borrowing capacity with Harris Bank, the deal was able to get done.

MR. SAFFOLD: How much was their bank loan?

MR. SMITH: Two and a half million tied to

project cash flow and then 2.1 tied to TIF from

Harris.

MR. SAFFOLD: What's their cash flow then?

I'm just curious in terms of are there grant monies,
or do they have a revenue stream?

MR. SMITH: Yeah, they have -- they get a staple of grants from state, federal and local sources, and they provided a very strong operating history of being able to maintain those grants as

well as some philanthropic contributions. So the underwriting really focused heavily on that track record, and you know, if you lose this source, can you replace it with another source, that sort of thing.

So an update on Muntu Performing

Arts Center which is a transaction that first came
before this body a long time ago. I believe it was
the fall of 2008. So this is a 40,000 square foot
facility proposed in the Kenwood community area on
Greenwood.

So that one got very close to closing, but it got tied up in credit crunch issues. Seaway Bank, which was one of the participating lenders in the deal, decided at the eleventh hour that they were not able to participate, and that effectively put the project on hold.

Since that time, Muntu began exploring using an existing facility and doing a renovation project instead of building a new facility. So at this point, it's a project that CDF is supportive of, but the deal would need to be restructured and would need to come before this body again if the transaction was to go forward.

TREASURER NEELY: What are they doing with the eyesore that's on the corner?

MR. SMITH: The property that the City conveyed them? I don't know. I believe the City is going to have that reconveyed back to the City.

CHAIRPERSON RAGUSO: Treasurer Neely, we're still working with them. It's obviously a cash flow issue. The dollars just aren't working. We were excited about this opportunity because we thought it would complete the corner.

But we still stay in constant communication with them trying to figure out if there is a way to make it work, and we're also working with the local elected officials to determine if there are any other potential users to renovate the eyesore, as you referred to, that exists today.

MR. SMITH: Testa Produce, this again came before the Board at first last fall. This is a local food processor and distribution facility. You probably see their trucks all over town. They're the blue trucks with the gold lettering on them, and they all run on biodiesel, which I found interesting in talking to them.

It's a 100,000 square foot facility that would be extremely green, LEED-Platinum. It would be the first food processing and distribution facility in the country that would achieve LEED-Platinum. It's located in the Stockyards Industrial Corridor.

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U.S. Bank was initially going to be the lender to this project as well as the tax credit investor, and they spent three or four months underwriting Testa's operating history in detail and then looking very carefully at its first and second quarter '09 sales results. And U.S. Bank decided that they could not do a construction loan at this time.

However, we've been finding out that U.S. Bank is substantially more conservative than some other lenders in town, so Testa is essentially regrouping and talking to a couple other lenders at this point to see if they can access a similar amount of construction debt from one of them.

In particular, they've banked with Harris for a long time, and so Harris is likely to have a better understanding of the operating strength of the company and how to value it for

underwriting purposes.

So just an illustration of the credit

crisis and how it impacts projects. This is a \$20

million project that the appraisal for the -- the

proposed facility came in at 11 and a half million

due to the really distressed real estate market at

this point.

So it's challenging, but we're still hopeful that that deal can get done in some form, but again, that would probably need to come back to this body since the nature of the capital structure needs to change, and the project cost may change as well.

ALDERMAN AUSTIN: So at this time, we're going to put this project on hold?

MR. SMITH: Correct. Yeah, yeah.

TREASURER NEELY: It was approved, but now 18 it's --

MR. SMITH: Right.

So just an overall summary of the fourth round allocation. In terms of allocation that has been closed, i.e., legally committed in a binding way to projects, 68.8 million out of CDF's total \$100 million allocation is now closed. That

leaves 31.2 million. So to date the closed projects include four community facilities and one industrial project.

So based on these closings that happened since the last meeting, CDF met two deadlines. One was a mid June deadline which would allow CDF to compete for allocation in this 2009 round. And actually we're expected to hear news on that very shortly.

TREASURER NEELY: What did we ask for again?

MR. SMITH: We asked for 125. You never get
what you ask for, though. So next week is the
expected date to hear more about that.

And then CDF also met a deadline in its allocation agreement to have 60 percent of its allocations closed by the end of September 2009.

TREASURER NEELY: Chair, can you send an e-mail out to the body so that we know what our allocation is?

20 CHAIRPERSON RAGUSO: When we get it, 21 absolutely.

MR. SMITH: There are a number of projects still in CDF's pipeline. Whether they can take advantage of this allocation, the remaining 31.2

million, or potential future allocations is based on what CDF foresees and what the timing of these projects is.

But -- so we have five projects in what we call the intake phase where we're having discussions upfront before they file an application, helping them understand how New Markets Tax Credits could work with their projects and advising them on how to fill out the application; nine projects that have submitted applications that are pending, essentially waiting for evidence that the transactions are more ready to move forward; and then these two, Testa and Muntu, that are in the restructuring phase.

So a total of 16 projects in our pipeline, and we continue to get inquiries that -- for new projects of various sorts. In terms of what types of projects those are, nine of those are community facilities, three are industrial, and then four are grocery anchor projects.

CDF is very excited about the prospect of getting a grocery deal done since that's the third mission component that so far we haven't been able to close anything in.

Overall continued high demand for the allocation. 209 million of total requested allocation among these various prospects I mentioned. The submitted applications within that group represent 126 million, so over a 4-to-1 demand for the remaining credits. So it's really a function of who's ready and who can get the most benefit from New Markets Tax Credits within that time frame.

So just some examples of some of these potential projects. Aldi is looking at doing a couple new store facilities in the city. One would be a replacement of an older existing store at 63rd and Wallace with a new prototype that's up to the street. It's a lot more attractive.

They would also look to do a second store as part of the same financing at 83rd and Stewart. So they submitted an application looking to try to get 7 million of NMTC allocation involved in that transaction.

TREASURER NEELY: Is 63rd and Wallace considered a grocery desert?

MR. SMITH: It is, yeah.

CHAIRPERSON RAGUSO: Treasurer, all of our

targets for these allocations are in the identified food deserts.

MR. SMITH: So we're currently working with Northern Trust and trying to put something together to bring back before this body in a subsequent meeting with that.

Ultra Foods is also another prospect.

There's a site at 63rd and Halsted -- there's a proposal on the table -- to do a grocery-anchored shopping center that includes that as the anchor, 60,000 square foot full-line Ultra Foods.

So these are in the orbit of Kennedy-King College and the new recent investments the City's made, so part of an overall -- sort of a secondary strategy of CDF's to concentrate investments really to try to make a heavier impact in key zones in the city that need it.

Then Finkl Steel, a major producer of certain specialty steel projects. They've been in Lincoln Park for a very long time, over 100 years. They're seeking to move into a much newer, much higher capacity facility, and they're looking at a site on the South Side.

This would allow Finkl to remain in

1 Chicago and preserve 300 very high-quality 2 industrial jobs. So CDF is working closely with the City of Chicago and in discussions with Finkl 3 to see if a New Markets Tax Credit transaction can 4 5 help this along and then also, perhaps, relieve some pressure on other requests for City subsidy 6 7 to the transaction. 8 MR. SAFFOLD: How much are they looking for? 9 MR. SMITH: We need to chat with them about 10 that. 11 CHAIRPERSON RAGUSO: They're looking for TIF. 12 They're looking for New Market Tax Credits. 13 MR. SAFFOLD: They're looking for grants. 14 CHAIRPERSON RAGUSO: They're looking for 15 grants. They're looking to the State. I mean, 16 again, it's that whole plethora of funding 17 opportunities. 18 MR. SMITH: One concept is that the Chicago 19 Development Fund New Markets Tax Credits' 20 participation could replace the existing utility 21 tax flow that they're paying at their Lincoln Park 22 facility, and so that could stay in the City budget, 23 and then only the incremental could be pledged, and 24 then New Markets could make up the difference.

We would also hope to get other New Markets allocatees to provide credits to the transaction, so perhaps either further reducing City participation or increasing their gap financing with the deal or both.

TREASURER NEELY: Any thoughts as to what would go in the existing facility?

CHAIRPERSON RAGUSO: As you know, it's in a planned manufacturing district which it's called for manufacturing. They have been in to see Commissioner Patti Scudiero to rezone the property to allow for residential, and from the City's perspective, from a land use perspective, planned manufacturing districts are sacred land for insuring that we preserve our manufacturing base.

So there are no prospects right now to go in and utilize Finkl. They're still obviously fighting to change it to residential to allow for retail. So Commissioner Scudiero has opined that it is to remain a planned manufacturing district, and the zoning will not change.

MR. SMITH: Any further questions?

CHAIRPERSON RAGUSO: I would like for the minutes to reflect that we've been joined by the

treasurer for the City of Chicago, Stephanie Neely.

And so while we're on this, Tony, I would give the floor also to you to discuss with the Board the status of the 2009 allocation with New Markets Tax Credits.

MR. SMITH: Right. So this is actually a big week in the New Markets Tax Credits world.

Novogradac, which is one of the two major accounting firms in the industry, is having a conference over at the Swissotel yesterday and today. Our Chair gave the keynote address yesterday and showed off some of the same projects we talked about today. It went over really well.

And so today we actually have a rep from the CDFI Fund at the U.S. Treasury who is in charge of the allocations to the tax credits and monitoring the program, she's in town, and she's currently at the Homan Powerhouse with U.S. Bank and with CDF staff.

And then she's actually coming here to meet with Commissioner Raguso and Bill Eager after this meeting, and then we're going to go tour the Christ the King facility with them.

So good timing, and then hopefully

next week we'll hear some news about the future allocation. I think that's about it.

CHAIRPERSON RAGUSO: I did want to share with the Board, we have an Advisory Board that meets before we come to you who does all the homework before we present to you a package, and we are joined by the chairman of that Board, Rafael Leon.

One thing that we suggested at the last Advisory Board meeting was for the Board members to take a tour of the sites that they are putting forth. And these are unbelievable projects in neighborhoods where we desperately need something. And to pull these projects off, it's a great feat.

So I don't know if there's any interest from this Board to go tour the facilities that you're approving and that you're making happen. But if that's something you all would be interested in, I would be more than happy to organize a quick tour of these facilities so you could see them.

ALDERMAN AUSTIN: Well, I do want to tour the one --

CHAIRPERSON RAGUSO: The Homan Powerhouse.

ALDERMAN AUSTIN: Yes, that one and the --

CHAIRPERSON RAGUSO: Greater West Town

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Training Center.
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         ALDERMAN AUSTIN:
                            Yes.
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         CHAIRPERSON RAGUSO: Yes, I agree with you.
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   So if there are no further questions or matters of
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   business --
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         ALDERMAN AUSTIN:
                            Oh, I have a question.
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         CHAIRPERSON RAGUSO: Yes, ma'am.
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         ALDERMAN AUSTIN: In regards to, I quess, a
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   question that I asked at a previous meeting -- maybe
   I received it. I don't recall -- a map or an
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   overlay of projects that we've done throughout the
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   city and with identification, did we ever get that?
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         MR. SMITH: Yes, it's been provided.
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         ALDERMAN AUSTIN: Could I get it again?
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         CHAIRPERSON RAGUSO: We will resend it to you.
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         ALDERMAN AUSTIN: Because I honestly don't
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   remember it.
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         CHAIRPERSON RAGUSO:
                               Absolutely. No problem.
   Do all the Board members want to see just a
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   physical --
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         TREASURER NEELY:
                            Sure.
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         CHAIRPERSON RAGUSO: Fine. We'll send that
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   out, too.
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                   Any other matters?
                                       Do I have a
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   motion to adjourn the meeting?
          MR. SAFFOLD: So moved.
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          CHAIRPERSON RAGUSO:
                                Second?
          ALDERMAN AUSTIN: Second.
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          CHAIRPERSON RAGUSO: All those in favor?
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6
                    (Chorus of ayes.)
                    The meeting is adjourned.
7
                                                 Thank
8
   you, Board, for coming.
9
                          (Which were all the proceedings
                          had.)
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STATE OF ILLINOIS SS: COUNTY OF COOK I, Shari L. Szerbat, a Certified Shorthand Reporter in and for the County of Cook and State of Illinois, do hereby certify that I reported in shorthand the proceedings of said hearing as appears from my stenographic notes so taken and transcribed under my direction. IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my seal of office at Chicago, Illinois, this 28th day of October 2009.